

**Column One**  
 by  
 David Courtney

IT is too much to expect the re-appearance, physically, of Burgess and Maclean to hush a scandal that has alternated, in the popular newspapers, between political treachery and moral turpitude. Books have been written about the two, ranging from the odd behaviour which the authors at the same time made out to be unbalanced and curiously consistent over a long period of years; and that, too, has been the impression given by most of the other journalistic analysts who have ranged the two sides of the issue. The two, however, have graduated days to their dramatic plunge into the subversive bog of ideology.

NOW, at the National Hotel in Moscow, Burgess and Maclean have shown themselves in the flesh; and spoken as one might have expected them to speak, i.e., convincingly whether their words were true or false. But at least some of the veils of mystery have been torn away, to reveal, at the worst, two traitorous tattlers; at the best, two dastardly, two foolish men who, though they came from their own kind, and whatever ideology may do to ease their way, have become strangers, humanly speaking, in a strange land. If, as has been suggested in Parliamentary debate and semi-official hints, Burgess and Maclean had their native country because they were the "village of the world," "brought out," they have, probably, if unknowingly, set themselves a penance far more painful than any that would have been set for them if they had stayed at home.

THERE was a time, back in the Thirties, and again briefly during the war, when to certain young intellectuals the "deafening" world, covering a multitude of imbecilities — there grew up an ideology higher than family, nation or race, which sparkled with the visions, then apparently taking substance, of the Communist Manifesto, and which shone brightly and beckoned beyond the black, the blinding signs of Fascism. It is an excellent thing that young men from time to time do feel that way; for it may be that by their impulsive urging towards an ideal, some part of the ideal does indeed become substance, and that from generation to generation, the signs of new and deeper truth are carried forward to be fitted, one day, into a completed pattern of life founded on peace, brotherly love and human felicity.

BURGESS and Maclean, in their Cambridge days, may have seen that vision as so many others did; and the motives of their final adventure lie in that distant dream which to most of the others became parched and thin, peeling off like the bark of an ununtured tree as the inescapable facts of experience displaced the illusions of youth; and the inescapable suction of family and home, race, drew heart and mind back to the warm, familiar places. It is one thing to be a St. Francis of the spirit. It is quite another to be an ideological St. Francis, roaming the highways and byways of politics, which, good or bad, totalitarian or democratic, I do not suggest that either Burgess or Maclean has anything Franciscan about him, but merely that, perhaps long ago, as with so many of their kind in those days, they were drawn into their strange initiation by the vision of human brotherhood.

BUT whatever Communism may be, Russia is Russian, and must continue to be a strange country to these two Anglo-Saxon Communists, who have isolated themselves from their own people and cannot, in the end, be much more than ideological beachcombers. Let them be. The mystery of their disappearance has lifted, and we think against the arid landscape of their self-inflicted banishment. Now that their tale from a Moscow hotel has been told, the rest is tedium, which the newspapers, however adroit, can hardly make into a sensational story either of treachery or depravity. For a time, they will try to do so, but they can bring to life these two strange men who have so strangely, wantonly died.

Jerusalem, February 13.

**Tunisian Gov't Seeks Immediate Revision of Home-Rule Treaty**

**TUNIS. Sunday (Reuter). —** The Tunisian Cabinet decided at a special meeting today to resume independence negotiations with France at the earliest possible opportunity.

**Tunisians Form New Anti-Israel Group**

**TUNIS, Sunday (INA). —** Tunisians who fought in the Arab armies in Palestine in 1948 against Israel have formed an organization whose aim is to strengthen their position with the rest of the Arab states to aid in fighting Zionist aggression.

For the second time within a week, terrorists carried out an attack against Jews. Last night they threw a bomb in the house of Mr. Maurice Lissac, an influential member of the Jewish community and a well known businessman. Considerable damage was caused but there were no casualties.

**Mollet Postpones Decision on Algeria**

**PARIS, Sunday (Reuter). —** Prospects of rapid reconciliation in Algeria receded tonight when Premier Guy Mollet postponed his conference to report on his five-day mission to the troubled territory.

M. Mollet flew back from Algeria yesterday after talks aimed at finding a way to end the 15-month-old rebellion by 15,000 well-armed rebels. Postponement of the press conference—which followed the cancellation yesterday of a special Cabinet meeting fixed for tomorrow—was taken to mean that the Premier had still not completed drafting his plans to give Algeria's nine million Moslems equal rights with the million Europeans in the territory.

The apparent postponement of the Premier's decisions may help to pacify die-hard French settlers in Algeria who oppose his "new deal" and who staged violent demonstrations during his visit, and assaulted him physically.

But it has increased the misgivings of M. Mollet's Radical and Socialist supporters in France, as well as moderate Moslem nationalists in Algeria, who had looked to the new Socialist Premier to "go fast" on Algerian reform.

Moslem opinion hardened today when a spokesman for the ultra-influential Moslem religious leaders said they would break off relations with the French authorities unless they recognized the existence of an "independent Algeria,"

The National Assembly is due to meet tomorrow to discuss the budget for Algeria.

With deep sorrow, we announce the death of

## Dr. Azriel Carlebach

The funeral took place yesterday at the old cemetery at Nahlat Yizhak.

His wife, Hava, and daughter, Tekuma. The families of Carlebach, Goldrey, Gersori, Amira, Taub, Blumentald, Shabot.

## Government Strike To Spread Tomorrow

Jerusalem Post Staff

Senior civil servants are to join the strike tomorrow — thus effectively tying up all major Government planning and administration.

Contact between the Government and the striking professionals, engineers and doctors, was renewed yesterday, after a week-end break, when several Ministers met members of the striking bodies' coordination Committee. No particulars on the progress of these talks were released.

The Cabinet discussed the strike at its weekly session yesterday. A report was presented on the negotiations begun after last Wednesday's strike. The strike is understood to have been called before the senior civil servants (Grades one to five) join the strike.

When the Knesset meets to-day, the Prime Minister will announce the resignation of the Minister of Justice will be made, the communiqué concluded.

It is learned that the 1964-5 budget will be tabled in the Knesset tomorrow and presented by Mr. Levi Eshkol, the Minister of Finance. The Government will request the Knesset to waive the regulation that a bill be tabled 48 hours before it is presented for its first reading.

### B-G REPLIES TO DOCTORS

The Prime Minister issued the following statement yesterday in answer to the resolutions adopted by the Medical Association on Friday and which were submitted to him by Dr. Z. Avigad.

The decision on whether your strike affects the State's security is not yours to make, he said. With full respect to your medical profession, I would like to say, this statement is not in any way in all sincerity. I have to state that the qualified organs of Government will take all decisions on this.

I appreciate your assurances that the strike is not directed against the State nor against the working population, but it does seriously affect us at some point of time. You do not realize (and I agree with you) what damage you are doing and have done to our political and security position. I do not know what you want, but if you can be forced out if you show goodwill, I hope that you will show this goodwill in time.

**IKE PREPARES TO BULGANIN LETTER**

**WASHINGTON, Sunday (Reuter). —** President Eisenhower was today reported to be preparing a brief message to Premier Nikolai Bulganin, politely rejecting his new offer of a non-aggression pact.

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## 'Infiltrator' Walks Into Offices Of 'Jerusalem Post'

Jerusalem Post Staff

An "infiltrator" gave himself up in the offices of The Jerusalem Post in Jerusalem yesterday morning.

A man, who gave his name as Erich Brandstetter and who appeared to be 25, entered and asked to see the "manager." Due to his strange appearance and his extremely nervous manner, he was questioned carefully by Mr. Yehoshua Levi, of the newspaper's administrative staff.

He said that he was a Christian and was born in Austria. He alleged that he was a former Israeli who had illegally crossed into Syria three years ago.

Hoping to find work in Israel, he had crossed from Syria to Jordan illegally three days ago.

In the Old City, he had travelled freely, eating at restaurants and sleeping at hotels. He had never been questioned. He crossed into Israel yesterday morning.

The General Zionist request to put a motion of no-confidence in the Government because of its inability to prevent at the strike is expected to be discussed.

It was understood from Haredi sources yesterday that if the Government gives the strikers further concessions, it would be impossible to prevent the trade unions demanding pay rises.

This action would necessarily follow if the Government agrees to pay the doctors the remaining 10 per cent of the proposed increase before 1965, or to increase the 60 per cent it had agreed to pay this year.

The Coordinating Committee stated after meeting in Jerusalem last night that the present proposals were not satisfactory.

It was agreed that the strike would produce a concrete proposal.

The decision of the senior civil servants to join the strike follows a deadlock reached in their talks with trade union representatives yesterday.

At last night's meeting it was decided that no progress had been made since February 7, when the Association of Senior Civil Servants met, they would join the strike.

On his own initiative, Mr. Levi Eshkol, the Finance Minister, met yesterday with Professors Raoul Bozzo and Dr. Robert Kofman, of the Hebrew University, to discuss the salary dispute.

Mr. Moshe Shapiro, Minister for Social Welfare, who has been active in the negotiations, was present.

The Services Committee of the State Security Council decided to permit its members to appear in court only if State security demanded immediate action. This, in effect, intensifies the lawyers' strike.

While unofficial arbitrators were attempting to bring an end to the engineers' strike, their committee yesterday called out Municipal engineers, their assistants, and engineers in essential works, fulfilling its threat of last Friday.

Some 100 engineers of essential plants are now away from work, but remaining on call.

Engineers of the Palestine Electric Corporation in Tel Aviv decided yesterday, with one dissident voice, to join the strike and to call upon their colleagues in Haifa to do likewise. At the Dead Sea Works, engineers cut down their working day to two hours.

Technicians of Kibbutz Hamahadah have decided on a one-day solidarity strike, while the Association of Geologists has joined the full strike.

About 70 engineers working for themselves or for private firms met yesterday and decided unanimously to hold a one-day solidarity strike on Wednesday.

The English Union, which there was not the slightest reason for, to join the strike to continue, considering that the Haredi is about to meet the rest of the country.

The two British diplomats disappeared in May, 1961.

The joint statement they issued in Moscow last night was clearly calculated to further these aims, the source said. The diplomatic quarters here, the most astonishing aspect of the statement was its claim that Mr. Guy Burgess had been "associated with" the British secret service and its counter-espionage organization.

Government has never indicated that Mr. Burgess was doing anything more than ordinary Foreign Office work.

Mr. Burgess' assertion will therefore play a big part in the new parliamentary storm which political reporters here expect to blow. Official firms declined to comment on the claim but Ministers will undoubtedly be strongly pressed in the House of Commons to say whether it is true.

**U.S. DISTRICT**

Government quarters hold that this part of the statement was clearly designed to support the suspicions of some quarters in Washington that the British secret service is not to be trusted.

While feeling that he gained ground after the two British diplomats were arrested in Moscow, passed secrets to Moscow.

General Douglas MacArthur, the first American commander of U.N. forces in Korea, stated only last week that he believed MacArthur and Burgess had been strongly pressed in the House of Commons to say whether it is true.

He pointed out that those who believe that the danger of war comes from Israel "should read and listen to the fevered outpourings of Arab news media and radio stations."

On the other hand, he said, his recent visit to Israel convinced him that Israel's present policy is to discuss with the Arabs without any preconditions from either side, a just and lasting peace.

In Israel, he added, he saw Arab-Jordanian cooperation, more fortunate than his brother in Egypt, in terms of justice, freedom of speech and social progress.

The Arab states are equipped for war of annihilation, invasion can be prepared and if immediate and effective steps are taken by the Western powers, any attack on Israel will bring decisive intervention on her side.

**WEIZMANN'S SISTER**

**HAIFA, Sunday (Reuter). —** Dr. Maria Weizmann-Savitski, sister of the late Chaim Weizmann, first President of Israel, and her husband, Vasily, arrived from Russia in the early Hadar yesterday. They were met in the port by Mr. Chaim Weizmann and other members of the Weizmann family.

The couple, both in their sixties, received permission to emigrate to Israel following representations on their behalf by the late President's widow during her visit to the U.S.S.R. in 1964.

## Britain Sees Danger Point In M-E Within Next Month

### Abdul Nasser Spurns Rifa'i Proposals

Jerusalem Post Staff

Premier Abdul Nasser has rejected the proposals made by

President Samir Rifa'i of Jordan,

turning down the plan for an Arab "summit" meeting and the offer to mediate in the Cairo-Baghdad dispute.

This breakdown in the party was reported by the Arab press and radio stations yesterday, when the joint communiqué issued in Cairo on Saturday stated "mutual understanding" was reached.

Rifa'i last night arrived in Riad, Saudi Arabia, on the last leg of his tour of Arab capitals.

It is reported further that instead of the tripartite Arab offer of aid to Jordan should replace the British grant, and not be supplemented by Jordan.

Brandstetter spoke a mixture of broken Hebrew and English. He claimed to know German and Arabic.

At the police station, after exclaiming "Don't expel me" from the country, there is no place in the world like Israel," he told a reporter.

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### Social & Personal

The Foreign Minister and Mrs. Sharot yesterday received Rabbis and Mrs. Bernard Casper of England.

**ARRIVALS:** Mr. S. Bendor, Counsellor at the Israeli Embassy in Paris, Mr. A. Friedgut, Canadian Vice-President of Moshavim Co. (by El Al); Dr. A. Pachman, member of the Israel Delegation to the World Jewish Congress, returning from London; Lieutenant S. Notowicz, U.S. Military Observer, from leave in Brussels; Dr. C. C. Vassil, Vassil, Professor of Microbiology at Stanford University, California, for two weeks as guest of the Weizmann Institute; Mr. Yigal Mossinson, the playwright, from the U.S. Mr. George Chaitin, European Chargé d'Affaires in Israel; Mr. Myron Gold, Mr. F. W. Beardale, chief of the Export Department of the U.S. Mack Motor Company, for a business visit (by T.W.A.).

**DEPARTURES:** Mr. Ephraim Ben, Israeli Director of Kama, Fraser, for France and England, to purchase equipment for the company's proposed body-printing plant (by El Al); Ahu-Mishne Michael Ben-Gal, Assistant Military, Naval, and Air Attaché to London, after consultation with the Research and Development Branch of the Scientific Department of the Defence Ministry and Prof. of Organic Chemistry at the Hebrew University, for a month's visit to France, England, and the U.S. (by El Al); Mr. Shlomo Eliezer, first violinist of the Kol Yisrael Orchestra, to Europe for recitals in the French, Belgian, Dutch, and Italian radio network (by El Al); Dr. A. Rosenfeld, of the World Hebrew Union Executive, on a mission to Central America (by El Al); Dr. I. Gelber, President of the Zionist Federation of Canada, to attend the Biennial Congress of Canadian Zionists in Montreal, (by El Al); Mr. M. Caspi, the lawyer, for Paris, to collect material for the Greenwald-Kastner case (by El Al).

Prof. Leon Dujovne, of the University of Buenos Aires, was the guest of honour at a dinner and reception given Saturday night at the home of Mr. Berl Locker, Chairman of the Jewish Agency Executive. Among the guests were the Mayor of Jerusalem and Mrs. Agnon, the President of the Supreme Court and Mrs. Olshan; Justice and Mrs. M. Blum; Prof. and Mrs. B. Zonke; Dr. and Mrs. Y. Wolfberg; Mr. and Mrs. E. Dobkin; Mr. and Mrs. T. Shneur; Mr. and Mrs. Dr. L. Miller, and Mr. and Mrs. Y. Klinov.

A reception for the Reverend James A. Pike, Dean of the Cathedral of St. John the Divine, New York, and Mrs. Pike was given by the Hebrew University on Saturday at the home of the Vice-President and Mrs. M. Evenari.

The piano recital by Gesa Andra did not take place in Tel Aviv on Saturday night owing to the artist's illness.

A play-reading performance of "The Importance of Being Earnest," a three-act play by Oscar Wilde, will be given at the Israel Touring Club, Talbiyah, Jerusalem, this evening at 8.30 p.m. (for members and guests only).

Mr. Charles Paasman, Director of Mabat, will address the Nataanya Rotary Club on "Mabat and Its Activities" at the Hotel Greenstein, tonight at 7.45 p.m.

Haifa District Commissioner Y. Bergman will address the Kishon Rotary Club on "Municipal Affairs - Haifa Bayside Area" today.

**BIRTH**  
KRONGOLD — To Nea (late Carmel) and Nadir of Kibbutz Be'er-Zera on February 8 — a son, brother to Mr. third grandchild of Raya and Haim Krongold.

**MARRIAGE**

**MAYER — GRAJOWER**  
The marriage of Mr. Eric J. Mayer of Jerusalem and Miss Prima Grajower of The Hague, took place in Jerusalem yesterday, Feb. 10, 1956.

**MEMORIAL MEETING**  
A memorial meeting for Leib Yaffe, of the Keren Hayesod, is to take place at 11 a.m. today at the Sanhedria cemetery in Jerusalem. Transportation will have the courtyard of the National institutions at 10.45.

The Chairman of The Dominion Insurance Company Ltd. (represented in Israel by The Palestine Marine & General Insurance Co. Ltd.), Mr. John G. Banks, CBE, J.P., who at present is Lord Provost of Edinburgh, received a Knighthood in the New Year's Honours List. Sir John was presented the keys of Tel Aviv at a reception he gave for the Israel Philharmonic Orchestra during their stay in Edinburgh last year.

A baronetcy was conferred upon Mr. David Gassmann, M.L., who visited Israel on invitation of the Israel Government in 1951. Mr. Gassmann is rejoicing The Dominion Insurance Company Ltd., London as Director, a post he relinquished when in the Government as Assistant Permanent Secretary.

### AFL-CIO Demands Arms for Israel

MIAMI BEACH, Florida, Sunday (U.P.): — Directors of the AFL-CIO suggested yesterday a six-point programme to achieve peace in the Middle East and called for immediate shipment of arms to Israel to match the Communists' arms build-up in the Arab nations.

The U.N. should be the instrument to bring peace, the Executive Council said in a statement released at its mid-winter conference. It suggested that the U.N. establish a permanent commission of inquiry to prevent wars, use sanctions against violation of the peace, call a conference of Middle East nations to resolve their disputes, and set up a \$500,000 fund to seek solution of the Arab refugee problem. Israel should be the main contributor to the fund.

### Dutch Give IL400,000 To Arms Fund

Jerusalem Post Correspondent

AMSTERDAM. — By its closing day, January 31, the Israel Emergency Campaign drive in Holland had received donations to amount well over FL 500,000 (IL400,000) less than 30 per cent short of its target.

Through the propaganda for the Fund has now been stopped, donations will still be accepted, so that it is not impossible that the original target of a million guilders may still be reached.

The amount of over FL 500,000 was made up of over 6,000 individual donations; at least 500 persons donated twice.

Among the contributors are a few non-Jewish families. Most of the non-Jewish contributions were received after a broadcast by the Executive of the Labour Broadcasting Station V.A.R.A. of extracts from the speeches of four of the Dutch Parliamentarians who had recently visited Israel, to ascertain its mass needs in the Hague, the previous night.

The broadcast also mentioned the postal cheque number of the Israeli Emergency Fund to which donations could be sent. Some of the gifts by non-Jews were accompanied by words of admiration and encouragement.

As the total Jewish population of Holland is about 20,000 — or some 5,000 families — these numbers that nearly every Jewish family or breadwinner has contributed to the Fund. On Israel Emergency Day, January 19, a total of FL120,000 (IL80,000) was collected.

**UNIVERSITY PLEDGES IL46,000 TO FUND**

The Hebrew University's administrative staff has decided to contribute an additional three per cent to the Arms for Defense Fund. This is in addition to six days' pay contributed to six days' pay.

University professors and lecturers earlier announced their decision to contribute one-fourth of one month's salary to the Fund.

The total contribution pledged by the University staff is estimated at IL46,000, of which IL18,000 has been transferred to the Arms Fund.

**Jerusalem Post Reporter**

The Egyptian illustrated weekly "El-Maswar" solemnly told its readers in its latest issue that "Ben-Gurion is storing the bodies of his 300 soldiers killed in the El-Sabah battle in morgues and is releasing them in batches of three every few days in order not to reveal his defeat to the Israel public."

The February 10 issue of the magazine just as straight-forwardly said this was part of his strategy in blaming Egyptian infiltrators for the "killings."

It carried an illustrated article by one of its staff members who "infiltrated" 33 kms. behind the armistice lines into Israel where he "discovered" trenches and positions abandoned by the Palestine Electric Company, while that to other settlements will not be undertaken somewhat later, it said.

Within the city itself, the work of bringing power to six Katanon quarters (Aleph, Bet, Gimel, Daleh, Heh, Vav) should be finished within a week. In addition, electricity will soon be installed in Ein Karem.

Within Jerusalem itself, the company has carried out extensive improvements in the Richon Tivya, Beir Yaakov, Givatayim, Rehovot, Sa'adat Givatayim, quarters to forestall power cuts due to the breakdown of old cables, many of which are 26 years old.

A large transformer station similar to the one in Beir Yaakov will be erected shortly to deal with the ever-increasing demand for power.

**President Hotel Sued For Boy's Drowning**

A IL25,000 suit against the President Hotel Co. Ltd., owners of the President Hotel in Jerusalem, and against two of its managers, Haimi Schiff and Adolf Fein, has been submitted to the Jerusalem District Court by the parents of Yitzhak Abutbul, who drowned in the Hotel's swimming pool last year.

The boy's parents, through their lawyers Meirav A. Maridor and Y. Neuhansht, claimed that the hotel failed to provide a proper life-saver at the pool and did not have a first aid station nearby.

(ITIM)

**DUTCH OPERETTA GROUP**

The Dutch Fritz Hirach Opera Company — now called "Hoofstad Operette" — is to visit Israel in April with a cast of about twenty-five. Orchestral accompaniment will be provided by Israel.

**ON THE AIR**

**FIRST PROGRAMME**

8.30, 9.30 & 9.30 p.m.

News, Hebrew: 7 a.m., 1.30, 7.00 p.m., 11.00 midnight. Arabic Programmes (including News): 8 a.m., 2.15 & 5.45 p.m.

8.30 a.m. Service: 6.35 Exercises: 6.45 Musical Clock: 7.15 Melodrama: 8.30 p.m.

10.00 p.m. "Music of Now": Tenor: Ervin (R.), 11.30 Concert Hall: Works by Mozart played by the Philharmonic Festival Orchestra.

11.30 Musical Comedy: Violin Concerto No. 4 in A: Divertimento No. 11 in D: 1.15 Light Opera: 1.30 Close Down.

4.00 p.m. Oriental Music (R.): 4.30 Dr. Oshel: 4.45 "Tribute": 5.00 Shulman: 5.15 Children's Hour: 5.30 Children's Programme: 6.45 Youth Programmes: 6.45 Hebrew Reading: 7.15 Concert by the Kol Kedoshim: 7.30 Concert by the Siberskiy: 7.45 "About Jewish Religion": N. Ma-Tov: 8.00 "Courtney": 8.15 P. Czerny: 8.30 "Music of Now": 9.00 From the treasures of the Azharid: 10.15 Ravel: Trio for Piano, Violin & Cello: 11.00 Requests for Light Opera: 11.30 Close Down.

**SECOND PROGRAMME**

4.00, 5.00, 6.00 & 6.30 p.m. English News: 1.45, 10.45 p.m. French News: 2.00 p.m.

**IMMIGRANT'S HOUR:** 5.00 p.m. Programmes for Yemenites: 5.45 Hebrew: 6.00 Upland: 6.15 Light Music: 6.30 Persian: 7.00 Vietnamese: 7.30 Ladino: 8.00 Persian: 8.15 Hebrew: 8.30 Romanian: 8.45 Hungarian: 9.00 Close Down.

**ROW, ROW, ROW YOUR BOAT**

11.30 Music: 11.45 Hebrew: 12.00 Music by Yehoshua Stachovski: 12.15 Easy Hebrew Conversation.

**ARMY PROGRAMME**

14.45, 21.00, 21.30 & 21.45 p.m. English News: 1.45, 10.45 p.m. Requests (Hebrew Songs): 7.00 News, Hebrew: 7.30 News, English: 7.45 "100 Years Symphonies Concert": Weber, Frank & Beethoven: 8.00 News: 8.15 Dance Music: 8.30 Close Down.

**BEAT HEBREW BROADCASTS**

10.15, 11.00, 11.30 & 12.00 p.m. News, News, Talk: Hebrew from the World.

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**HOLON**

Wife and Love — "My Girl"

Armen: 8.45, 9.45 & 10.45 p.m.

**RENOVOT**

Habimah: "Masava": 8.

**KIFAR SABA**

Theater: "Man Menach, Peter": Tidbath: Amal: 8.30.

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**Today's Postbag****THE WEATHER****OUTLOOK: WARM AND DRY**

	A	B	C	D
Mr. Canaan	14	12	12	14
Tiberias	14	12	12	14
Haifa Port	22	12	12	24
Haifa	22	9	22	24
Tel Aviv Airport	20	10	22	24
Tel Aviv	20	7	22	24
Lydd Airport	20	6	22	24
Jerusalem	20	6	22	24
Haifa	14	7	22	24
Bethesda	14	7	22	24
Elat	20	11	22	24

"A" Sunday at 8 a.m. "B" Minimum temp. "C" Maximum yesterday "D" Maximum temp. expected today

**39 CAMELS** were confiscated by the Army from a Beduin tribe east of Jerusalem yesterday. They are believed to have been smuggled from Jordan.

**A ONE-YEAR** prison term was imposed on Zvi Rosenblum, 31, of Migdal Aksalon, in the Jerusalem District Court after he confessed to obtaining money under false pretences, forging checks and failing to pay his hotel bill. Rosenblum has a criminal record.

**FREE EXAMINATIONS** for breast cancer will be given by the Cancer Association at the Haifa Municipal Clinic, 87 Rehov Hechalutz, every Wednesday between 8 and 9 p.m.

**Negba Arrivals Spend Night on Board**

**HAIFA**, Sunday. — Disembarkation of the 463 newcomers from North Africa who arrived in the a.s. Negba today was delayed for several hours because of a technical hitch. They will spend another night aboard ship and will be taken to their new homes only tomorrow morning.

The Turkish passenger ship a.s. Akum, which arrived earlier this morning, was to have vacated her berth on the main quay by 10 o'clock, but because of a defect in the anchor she was unable to raise her anchor. The damage was repaired only in the afternoon, and it was 8 p.m. before the Negba could take the Akum's place.

The largest group, 76 persons, are to be transferred to Beersheba. Only five newcomers opted for Akum.

The Akum brought 83 immigrants, all of whom joined relatives.

**S.S. Zion Due Here In Three Weeks**

**HAIFA**, Sunday. — The 10,000-ton a.s. Zion, sister ship of the a.s. Israel, was handed over to her Israel crew in Hamburg this evening after a successful trial run, the Zion Shipping Company announced.

A combined passenger and freight ship, the Zion can carry 512 passengers in two classes and has 350,000 cubic feet of cargo space, 30,000 of which are refrigerated.

The Zion is the first Israeli vessel to be fitted with a stabilizer, which will reduce rocking to a minimum and prove a boon to "bad sailors" among the passengers.

She has a cruising speed of 19 knots and can make the Haifa-New York journey in 14 days. Beginning next month, Zion will run a service between Haifa and New York once in three weeks with her two best ships, the Zion and the Israel. The latter will also be fitted with a stabilizer.

The Zion will sail next Sunday from Hamburg. Le Havre to where the Israeli Ambassador to France, Mr. Y. Tsur, will attend the dedication of the ship's synagogue by the French Chief Rabbi, Yaakov Kaplan. She will then sail to Haifa via Southampton and Naples, and is due here on March 1.

**Hospital Seeks Support For Crippled Children**

An urgent appeal to the public for funds to aid them in the maintenance of their hospital for crippled children was made yesterday in Jerusalem by "Alin," the Crippled Children's Aid Association.

Dr. E. Heilbrunner, Director of the Katsalon hospital, presented the case of the 150 children, ranging from infants to 17-year-olds, who are under the care of the Association.

Supported in part by the Ministry of Health and Education, the Association spent nearly IL 250,000 last year on the care of the children, most of whom were victims of infantile paralysis and all from need homes. In addition to the assistance afforded by the Government and several medical institutions, such as Maibon, the Association is still dependent to a large extent on public contributions.

Last year, a new wing was added to the hospital, a school-built, a kindergarten established and a playground set up through the generous gift of IL 1,000 from the Rotary Club.

**Washing Machine Plant, Staff Fined IL 7,600**

**HAIFA**, Sunday. — Fines totaling IL 7,600 were today imposed on the Oshim Factory in Haifa Bay, and four of its employees on eight charges of selling Kcl washing machines, without purchase tax or identification labels.

All the accused pleaded guilty before Magistrate H. Unger to eight charges of selling 22 washing machines without tax or labels. The Magistrate emphasized the seriousness of the offence, especially in the present emergency.

The firm company was fined IL 600. Shimon Lowenstein and Michael Salzberg, the firm's two managers, were fined IL 1,540 each; the storekeeper M. Berger was fined IL 600 and the foreman K. Friedman, IL 150.

**CONTROLLER'S REPORT NEXT MONDAY**

**TEL AVIV**, Sunday. — The State Controller's report for the 1954/55 fiscal year is expected to be tabled in the Knesset on February 20.

The Knesset Financial Committee met here today and discussed the report, with Dr. D. Miron, the State Controller, present.

**Jerusalem Council Approves Plan To End Summer Water Shortages**

An agreement which promises to eliminate Jerusalem's chronic water shortages every summer and at the same time save the city IL 1,000 a day was approved in principle by the Jerusalem Municipal Council yesterday evening. Exact terms of the agreement with the Mekorot Water Company are yet to be worked out, but it will be based on the following principles:

Mekorot will undertake to provide water to the Ramot reservoirs, or to the Bayit Vegan reservoir when it is completed, at a price of 130 pruta a cubic metre. The 130 pruta price, however, will be pegged to the dollar, the price of electricity and the c-10 index, so that it will rise and fall with these factors. It now costs the Municipality 180 pruta a cubic metre to bring water itself.

Municipality workers now employed in the city's installations and services will be transferred by Mekorot within the Corridor.

Differences of opinion which may arise between the Municipality and Mekorot are to be decided by the Government's Water Authority.

Before the Council passed the bill by 11 votes of the coalition over the four votes of Herut, the two Progressives and one Agudat Yisrael member abstaining, a sharp debate ensued.

The Mayor of Haifa, Dr. Ephraim Carlebach, who had been invited to speak, said that the Municipality's position was uncompromising.

He said that the Municipality's position was uncompromising. The Municipality's position in the political life of Israel with particular emphasis on the differences between the cooperative and private sectors.

Mr. Y. Axelrod (Herut) said that Mekorot would make a profit on every cubic metre, since it could provide water to the outskirts of the city at a price much below 130 pruta. This was possible since Mekorot would begin to utilize closer sources, thus saving pumping costs from the central reservoirs. They would take over the entire line in which the city had invested huge funds and would enjoy cheaper power prices.

**Progressive Abstain**

Dr. P.J. Jacobi (Progressive) listed four reasons for his party's abstention: the city would lose control of its installations; a wedge would be driven between Jerusalem and its hinterland; the Municipality's autonomy would turn to Mekorot; and water, in water matters; Mekorot was a monopoly; and after three years the Municipality would inherit a pipe line, if it did not cost to continue the lease that had depreciated tremendously in value. "It would be better to sell the installations," he concluded.

Dr. A. Almash (Herut) urged the Councilors to ignore the financial side and to consider the political one: water was a national treasure and should be nationalized. Water should not belong to the Histadrut which controlled Mekorot, a monopoly.

Mr. Mordechai Zar (Mapai) alleged that Herut was jealous because none of its enterprises could match Mekorot. "Suggest a substitute for Mekorot and we will consider turning the installations over to it," he challenged.

Mrs. Yeshudin (Mapai) made a simple calculation: IL 1,000 a day for three years was IL 30,000. Could not the city exploit this sum better than letting it lie in the ground?

Mr. Y. Weisner (Progressive) called for a joint Mekorot-Municipal Water Authority to guarantee the value of the city's installations.

Mr. Mordechai Ish-Shalom (Mapai, Deputy Mayor) said that the financial side was not the only side of the question. He said that Herut did not drag out the bogey of "monopoly" when one of its former members (Mr. A.A. Koch) had suggested a similar agreement. He also warned Herut not to be too outspoken in its opposition and place itself in a difficult position since the Herut faction in the Tel Aviv coalition would soon sign a similar agreement with Mekorot.

**STRIKE**

(Continued from Page One) ality and are now seeking an honorable way out, it said, adding that, if the strike continues, the workers will be compelled to undermine the Government and the Histadrut.

Dozens of residents of the Jerusalem Corridor, unaware of the strike, have come to town to attend the out-patient clinics of the various hospitals and have had to go back without treatment.

Although Hadassah is receiving only five non-maternity patients a day, instead of the usual 30, the number now from the hospital has also gone down considerably. The hospital is working at about 30 per cent capacity.

In Haifa yesterday, pickets were posted at all places where engineers returned to work. This includes Solel Boneh. The 20 engineers of the Shikun Committee decided against joining the strike.

The strike committee agreed to allow six fertilizers and Chemicals engineers to go back to work to run the recently-completed ammonia plant at the special request of the management, who said that if the plant stopped, it would be in a considerable loss of foreign currency.

Some hundred Haifa engineers and architects have signed a petition calling for the resignation of the chairman of their association, Mr. G. Kaminski, and the "neutral stand" against members of the association who are on strike.

The strikers have refused Mr. Stern's angry request that they leave Haifa and return to Tel Aviv.

Following a five-hour meeting on Saturday night, it was decided that each person act to his conscience according to his conscience.

Microbiologists and pharmacists employed by the Government and public institutions in Tel Aviv stopped work for three hours yesterday morning to back demands for speeding up negotiations on their wage claims.

**German Experts in Cairo**

Three East German experts, including one in shipbuilding and two chemists, have arrived in Egypt, according to the Arab News Agency from Cairo yesterday.

**THE LAST WORD**

(CHELTENHAM, England, Sunday) — Michael Sheehan, 23-year-old ex-Irish Guardsman from Limerick, last night regaled the world talking marathon champion by completing a non-stop word-spinning session of 125 hours and 48 minutes.

Sheehan, who had audience at a local hall, beat by a quarter of an hour the previous record set by a Russian contender who had beaten Sheehan's previous record of 127 hours of non-stop

**Khoushy Opposes Draft Budget**

**HAIFA**, Sunday. — The Town Council tonight completed debating its 1955/56 draft budget in the sum of IL 1,757,000 which will be voted upon next week.

Major Abba Khoushy agreed that the proposed taxes were high. "The taxes are always higher than people wish" and Haifa had not raised its taxes in four years, although they were considerably lower than in Tel Aviv, he said. Things were not as bad as claimed, for IL 200,000 in tax tickets sold like hot cakes, and receiving his Doctorate of Jurisprudence at the latter.

However, he could not support the draft budget because it was not balanced by nearly IL 200,000 and it did not provide the necessary standards of service. He warned that unless he was balanced he would vote against it.

He suggested reducing the estimated income by IL 700,000 by knocking off IL 300,000 from rates, IL 150,000 from the business tax (because it would be impossible to collect more), IL 200,000 from expected Government support, and IL 200,000 from estimated income from the education and welfare services. On the expenditure side he suggested reducing staff expenses by IL 500,000; using 20 fewer Municipal cars even if this did not mean a substantial saving but only set an example, and to reduce the budget of several departments because there was no other in the present emergency.

He would not agree to fewer parks, public libraries or museums because these were essential to those living in crowded flats. He also wanted no reduction in the town's popular receptions despite the opposition of those who can afford parties at home" and call for authority from others.

Vice-Mayor E. Shabtai, who had promoted the draft, said that the Mayor's IL 700,000 reduction was feasible. Did anybody support the curtailment of services, he asked. The executive wanted more just taxation but was bound by outdated Government regulations.

Nevertheless it had made great strides in reducing the proportion of the rates in the taxes and increasing that of business and property taxes.

**Haifa Council Refuses To Discuss Strike**

**HAIFA**, Sunday. — The Town Council by a majority vote, last night defeated a motion to postpone the strike of the town's engineers and doctors on the agenda. However, the coalition was split on the issue, with Deputy Mayor Y. Nusbaum (Mapai) and Executive Member G. Kaminski (Progressive) abstaining from voting with the coalition, to reject the motion, proposed by General Zionists, Herut, and Communist councilors.

Proposing the motion, Mr. Z. Zillerman (General Zionists) argued that the legality of the question of "threatening letters" to the strikers, warning them of dismissal if they failed to return to work immediately. Only the Council would dismiss employees, and the Council supported the strikers' fight for decent pay.

He urged his countrymen to show the world that speedy economic progress could be achieved through peaceful and democratic means without violence and bloodshed. But he cautioned that the democratic path that India had taken to reach the objective of a Socialist pattern was a difficult one.

Calling for the motion's rejection, Mayor Abba Khoushy said that it had been proposed by those who used to break strikes, and workers' organizations. The strike had an economic background but had become "political, anti-Histadrut, and anti-State." The fight was not for a pay gap.

Haifa has called on residents to compete for its prizes for the finest garden and the best decorated veranda, as part of this year's Flower Festival to be held at the end of March.

**Rabbinate Halts Work at Tomb**

Within a week after its dramatic discovery, the 2,000-year-old burial cave found in the Rabbinate quarter of Jerusalem has become the centre of a political tug-of-war.

A request by the Chief Rabbinate that the bones buried in the tomb should not be disturbed has led the Department of Antiquities to halt its excavations temporarily.

(Dr. S. Yelin, Director of the Department of Antiquities, last night denied reports that work had been stopped at the order of the Chief Rabbinate. He said that the excavations were being held up due to "internal administrative arrangements.")

Rabbi S. Ephraim, Director of the Kashrut Department of the Chief Rabbinate, told *The Jerusalem Post* last night that the Rabbinate had issued an order to the Department of Antiquities to stop work yesterday morning to back demands for speeding up negotiations on their wage claims.

He explained that the Chief Rabbinate regards any disturbance of Jewish remains as a desecration. "The bodies were buried at this site legally, we have no right to touch the

**Carlebach Published First Story At 13, Was Editor at 21**

Dr. Azriel Carlebach, 48, settled in Israel in 1934 and continued the journalistic work he had pursued in Germany, Poland and England by joining "Haaretz." He also worked for a year on "Hatzofe" and from 1938 to 1948 on "Yediot Aharonot."

It was then that Dr. Carlebach took a sabbatical year from "Yediot" and with a few colleagues founded "Me'ariv" which was to become the daily with the largest circulation in Israel.

Dr. Carlebach came from an old, long-established German rabbinical family. His father, Dr. Ephraim Carlebach, was the rabbi of the synagogue for 30 years before emigrating to Palestine. In Leipzig he had established a co-educational Jewish school where his eldest son, Azriel, was educated.

At the age of 15 he showed an independence of spirit, which later made him a fighter for a cause he believed was disrespected with his strict German atmosphere.

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## THE JERUSALEM POST

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**A**S the strike continues, bitterness and abuse are piling up on all sides, for in addition to the government there is also the public to be taken into consideration, particularly those who are Kupat Holim patients and are not quite ill enough to be considered emergency cases.

A fight creates a fighting spirit, and a strike engenders strike loyalty, hatred of strike-breakers, and also determined opposition, where before there were only differences of opinion, however entrenched. The strikers have now been subjected to immoderate criticism and even insult, as though their claims were arbitrary, and not based on a Cabinet decision that was itself based on the recommendations of a government committee. Its Chairman, Mr. Guri, a symbol of egalitarianism, recommended only that some of the real salary earned by the senior officials at the establishment of the State be restored, a recommendation unwillingly accepted at the time by professional workers as offering little more than half of what they had asked.

It cannot be forgotten that their claims were based on a government promise which is now being postponed in part owing to the country's inability to pay parallel increases to all other categories, whose real income has by no means in all cases dropped. It will be an irreparable loss if the heat created by the strike itself—and not the claims which brought it about—should cause the Histadrut to lose the professional organizations, or even split these into two hostile groups.

On their side, the strikers, making up most of the intelligentsia in the country, appear to be fighting their issue in a vacuum. Their argument is based entirely on their rights in this matter, and on their capacity to enforce these by means of the strike weapon.

They have stood on these rights despite threatening inflation every whit as blindly as the non-qualified workers, who say they will hold out for similar increases and let inflation take the hindmost. If ever there was a time for the professors and professional workers with greater knowledge and greater skills to take the lead in responsibility, surely that time has come.

Mr. Eshkol has left the battle-field to take up his budget struggle. The margin of discussion with the strikers is small, and the outcome will inevitably be inflationary. The struggle itself must be cut short now, by whatever means of compromise and persuasion that are available, by whatever personal influences that can be thrown into the balance, for the spreading poison of the strike itself is becoming a menace comparable to the financial dangers it echoes.

D. Carlebach's last work was devoted to the freedom of the press. The article, which he wrote on the night CARLEBACH died, will appear in the issue of the *Journalists' LEGACY*.

Mr. Eshkol, who died in a fortnight, due to appear in a fortnight. But of course, freedom of the press was Dr. Carlebach's life. It permeated all he did. He believed that a free press was as important for a free people as independence itself. He was the best kind of a self-educated or court-administration.

He used to say that the Jewish press was the most independent press in the world. He told Goebbel, when he met him in Geneva shortly before Germany left the League of Nations. He believed that such independence could be achieved if the newspaper was owned by the group of journalists who ran it. He was not then more than that he organized "Maviv."

The importance of the past, even your past, however, did not ensure a successful co-operative was not pressure-proof. Although he chose his collaborators purely on their merit as journalists, the majority of his leading colleagues were known for their anti-semitic past. Unfortunately his life was subject to subtle and unceasing pressure by many forces. Persons of high standing volunteered information to him, passing with it some of their own views.

He "Maviv" and its brilliant editor, were sometimes asked what was done to the State to help public opinion on occasion because Dr. Carlebach's independence and fearlessness were not guided by any stable political objective. That did not worry his public, the largest ever achieved by a literary journal, in which were hints for his inevitable timeliness and something approaching genius for knowing what the man-in-the-street was thinking. His gift for putting those thoughts into perspective was unequalled among journalists and the last word is the power for his

## Student Riots Crack Franco Facade

By R. M. NADAL

— VERY serious view of the Spanish regime, that culminated in Madrid, started on Thursday is being taken by university authorities, the Roman Catholic hierarchies and General Franco himself, who has ordered a thorough investigation into all Spanish universities, and asked the rector of each to report the findings directly to him.

That Spanish students have been restless for a long time was proved three years ago, when a "spontaneous" demonstration in favour of Gibraltar to Spain, quite unexpectedly, and to the surprise of its organizers, turned into a demonstration against the police and certain Ministers.

Already, university and Church leaders seem to be taking stock of their positions. Professor Latin Entralgo, Rector of Madrid University and former Falangist, is also appearing.

—

The interesting thing is that as for the undergraduates' revolt has been spontaneous and without influence of recognized leaders, and they seem to demand to end corruption in public affairs, less interference of the Church in university life and freedom to read and to think.

The alarm of the Church and the State is easy to understand.

In Spain, even more than in other Continental countries, university students have always been in the vanguard of public opinion, and political changes and upheavals have often been preceded by unrest in university circles.

The fact that the new generation brought up under strict dictatorship of Church and State, reacts so strongly against

what is considered by many as creating evidence of the failure of the regime.

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